Partial Translation of Reference 5

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**Column 5, Line 20 to Line 37**

[0021] Although the formwork weir plate 1 may be made of metal, the formwork weir plate 1 in an example is made of synthetic resin that is injection-molded by using synthetic resin, such as vinyl chloride, polyethylene, and polypropylene, as a raw material. Then, when adjustment is made after the injection molding in order to obtain surface smoothness for attaching the finishing material or the finishing backing material 2, a porous foam layer 4 is formed in the inside, and this porous form layer 4 works as a heat insulating layer.

[0022] In addition, the formwork weir plate 1 is formed integrally with a fitting protrusion (tenon) 5 or a fitting groove (mortise) 6 that is provided on the periphery of a rectangular shape of the formwork weir plate 1. As a method of providing the fitting protrusion 5 and the fitting groove 6, the fitting protrusion 5 is provided on any of right and left, or top and bottom of the periphery of the formwork weir plate 1, and the fitting groove 6 is provided on the other end. Alternatively, there are a variety of forms that can be selected as the method of providing the fitting protrusion 5 and the fitting groove 6, such as that only the fitting protrusion 5 is provided on left and right or top and bottom on the periphery of a first one of the formwork weir plate 1, and only the fitting protrusion 5 is provided on the formwork weir plate 1 that are adjacent to the first one. Further, although the fitting protrusion 5 or the fitting groove 6 is normally provided along a longer direction of the periphery of the formwork weir plate 1, a plurality of the

fitting protrusions 5 or the fitting grooves 6 may be provided in a shorter direction in some cases.